Set – II
Std. – HSC
Subject – Physics

Marks : 70
Time : 3 Hrs.

Section-A

Q.1	Select and write cor	rect answers for the following multiple choice type question:	16	
	(i) The output of the	given gate is:	1	
		0		
	(A) 1	(B) ∞		
	(C) 0	(D) - 1		
	(ii) The permittivity of medium is $26.55 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2/\text{Nm}^2$. The dielectric constant of the			
	medium will be			
	(A) 2	(B) 3		
	(C) 4	(D) 5		
	(iii) If the polarizing	angle for a given medium is 60° then the refractive index of the medium	1	
	is			
	(A) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	(B) 3		
	(C) 1	(D) $\sqrt{3}$		
	(iv) Two droplets coa	alesce in a single drop. In this process	_1	
	(A) energy is liberate	d		
	(B) energy is absorbe	ed		
	(C) energy does not d	change		
	(D) some mass is converted into energy.			
	(v) During refrigerati	on cycle heat is rejected by the refrigerant in the:	1	
	(A) condenser	(B) cold chamber		
	(C) evaporator	(D) hot chamber		
	(vi) The average displacement over a period of S.H.M. is		1	
	(A) 0	(B) A		
	(C) 2A	(D) 4A		
	(vii) Work done in sp	plitting a drop of water of 1mm radius into 10 ⁶ droplets is	1	
	[Surface Tension of water= 72×10^{-3} J/m]			
	(A) $9.58 \times 10^{-5} \text{ J}$	(B) $8.95 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{J}$		
	(C) $5.89 \times 10^{-5} \text{ J}$	(D) $5.98 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{J}$		
	(viii) In a given proce	ess for an ideal gas, $W = 0$ and $Q < 0$. Then for the gas	1	
	(A) temperature will	decrease		

	(B) volume will increase					
	(C) pressure will remain constant					
	(D) temperature will increase					
	(ix) When a transverse wave on a string is reflected from the free end, the phase change produced is,					
	produced is,	π ^c				
	(A) 0^{c}	(B) $\frac{\pi^c}{2}$				
	$(C)\frac{3\pi^c}{4}$	(D) π ^c				
	(x) Waves that cannot	t be polarized are	1			
	(A) radio waves	(B) X-rays				
	(C) visible light	(D) sound waves				
Q.2	Answer the following	g questions.				
(i)	Distinguish between polar and non-polar dielectric.					
(ii)	Calculate the work do	one in blowing a soap bubble to a radius of 1cm. The surface tension	of 1			
	soap solution is 2.5 \times	10 ⁻² N/m.				
(iii)	What is meant by shunt ?					
(iv)	A transformer convert	ts 240V AC to 60V AC. The secondary has 75 turns find the number	r of 1			
	turns in primary.					
(v)	What does hysteresis loop represent?					
(vi)	Why is a low density liquid used as a manometric liquid in a physics laboratory?					
(vii)	What do you mean by Electromagnetic induction?					
(viii)	State the expression of displacement, velocity and acceleration for a body performing linear					
	S.H.M at a time t.					
		Section - B				
		Attempt any EIGHT questions of following:				
Q.3	On what factors does	frequency of a conical pendulum depend? Is it independent of some	2			
	factors?					
Q.4	What is Lorentz Force	ee? Obtained the equation of Lorentz Force Law.	2			
Q.5	What is the value of S	Shunt resistance that allows 20% of the main current through a	2			
	galvanometer of 99 Ω	2?				
Q.6	A fan is rotating at 90	0 rpm. It is then switched off. It stops after 21 rotations. Calculate the	2			
	time taken by it to sto	op assuming that the frictional torque is constant.				
Q.7	An aircraft of wing sp	pan of 50 m flies horizontally in Earths magnetic field of $6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$ a	at a 2			
	speed of 400 m/s. Cal	lculate the emf generated between the tips of the wings of the aircraft	t .			
Q.8	State the characteristic	cs of photon	2			

		2	
Q.9	Why is a NOT gate known as an inverter?		
Q. 10	Calculate the internal energy of Argon and Oxygen		
Q. 11			
	fundamental frequency to the second harmonic?		
Q. 12	Calculate the radius of 3 rd orbit of electron in hydrogen atom.	2	
Q. 13	What is a junction transistor? What are its two types?	2	
Q. 14	4 State main postulates of Huygens's wave theory of light.		
	Section - C		
	Attempt any EIGHT question of the following:		
Q. 15	Derive the relation between surface tension and surface energy per unit area.	3	
Q. 16	Compare the conditions for positive, negative and zero internal energy.	3	
Q. 17	Obtain an expression relating torque with angular acceleration for rigid body.	3	
Q. 18	Describe what is Rayleigh's criterion for resolution.	3	
Q. 19	Derive Meyer's relation for molar specific heats.	3	
Q. 20	Obtain expression for period of a simple pendulum performing S.H.M.	3	
Q. 21	Two batteries of 7V and 13V and internal resistances 1Ω and 2Ω respectively are connected	3	
	in parallel with a resistance of 12 Ω . Find the current through each branch of circuit and the		
	potential difference across 12 ohm resistance.		
Q. 22	State Lenz's law and explain how magnet's motion creates a magnetic dipole in the coil.	3	
Q. 23	The threshold wavelength of Tungsten is 2.76×10^{-5} cm. What will be the maximum kinetic		
	energy of electrons ejected in each of the following cases:		
	(i) If UV radiation of wavelength 1.80×10^{-5} cm and		
	(ii) Radiation of frequency 4×10^{15} Hz is made incident on tungsten surface.		
Q. 24			
	An AC circuit consists of only an inductor of inductance 2H. If the current is represented by a sine wave of amplitude 0.25 A and frequency 60 Hz, calculate the effective potential		
	difference across the inductor.		
Q. 25	Derive an expression for equation of a stationary wave on a stretched string.	3	
Q. 26	If the effective current in a 50 cycle AC circuit is 5A, what is the peak value of current?	3	
	what is the current $\frac{1}{600}$ sec after it was zero?		
	what is the editent 600 see after it was zero?		
	Section – D		
	Attempt any THREE question of the following:		
Q. 27	Derive an expression for pressure exerted by a gas on the basis of kinetic theory of gases.	4	
Q. 28			
	ii) When 10 ⁸ electrons are transferred from one conductor to another, a potential difference of		
	10 V appears between the conductors. Find the capacitance between two conductors.	2	

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	Q. 29	Derive an expression for magnetic feild along axis of a current carrying circular loop.	4	
			4	
	Q.30	(i) Calculate the gyro magnetic ratio of electron.(ii) A circular coil of 300 turns and diameter 14 cm carries a current of 15A. Calculate the		
		magnitude of magnetic dipole moment associated with the coil.		
Q.31 Draw a Binding energy curve to show the variation of binding energy per nucleon with n			4	
		number. What inferences can be drawn from B.E. curve?		